SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY FINANCING AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY FINANCING AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA)

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Supervisors and Audit Committee San Bernardino County Financing Authority San Bernardino, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund of the San Bernardino County Financing Authority (Authority), a component unit of San Bernardino County, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Authority's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund of the Authority, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in its financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements. The schedules of debt service are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2021, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Edde Saully LLP
Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 6, 2021



SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY FINANCING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Pension Obligation	Courthouse Project	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,069	\$ 3,539,723	\$ 3,544,792
Interest receivable	-	28	28
Receivables: Due from County	67,368,474		67,368,474
Due from AQMD	3,039,512	<u>-</u>	3,039,512
Total current assets	70,413,055	3,539,751	73,952,806
Total outfolk doods	70,410,000	0,000,701	10,002,000
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Interest payable	-	52,021	52,021
Bonds Payable, net	70,536,371	990,000	71,526,371
Due to other government		-	-
Total current liabilities	70,536,371	1,042,021	71,578,392
Noncurrent liabilities			
Bonds Payable, net	-	10,890,000	10,890,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		10,890,000	10,890,000
Total liabilities	70,536,371	11,932,021	82,468,392
NET POSITION:			
Unrestricted	(123,316)	(8,392,270)	(8,515,586)
TOTAL NET DEFICIT:	\$ (123,316)	\$ (8,392,270)	\$ (8,515,586)

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY FINANCING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Pension Obligation		(Courthouse Project		Total
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
Interest and dividends	\$	283,172	\$	485	\$	283,657
Accretion of interest income	Ţ	5,571,519	,	-	,	5,571,519
Reserve from Debt Service		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				0,011,010
Improvement Fund		_		1,609,745		1,609,745
Surcharge revenue		_		1,582,299		1,582,299
5 3				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	
Total nonoperating revenues	į	5,854,691		3,192,529		9,047,220
. σ.σ		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
NONOPERATING EXPENSES						
Interest		_		673,911		673,911
Accretion of interest expense	ŗ	5,571,519		-		5,571,519
Other expense	`	27,742		_		27,742
Administrative expense				1,700		1,700
Administrative expense				1,700		1,700
Total nonoperating expenses	ı	5,599,261		675,611		6,274,872
rotal honoperating expenses	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		073,011		0,214,012
Changes in net position		255,430		2,516,918		2,772,348
Changes in het position		233,430		2,310,910		2,112,340
Net deficit - Beginning of year		(279 746)		(10 000 189)		(11 227 024)
Net delicit - Degillilling of year	-	(378,746)		(10,909,188)		(11,287,934)
Not deficit End of year	¢	(122 216)	¢	(0.202.270)	Ф	(0 515 506)
Net deficit - End of year	<u> </u>	(123,316)	<u> </u>	(8,392,270)	Φ	(8,515,586)

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY FINANCING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Pension Obligation		Courthouse Project	Combined
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	ф (7 0,000,000)	ф	(455,000)	ሰ /74 ጋርር 000 \
Principal payments on bonds	\$ (70,800,000)	\$	(455,000)	\$ (71,255,000)
Interest paid on bonds	-		(678,425)	(678,425)
Surcharges received	-		1,582,299	1,582,299
Net cash flows provided by or (used) for noncapital financing activities	(70,800,000)		448,874	(70,351,126)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income	1,053		590	1,643
Payments received from County and AQMD				
for maturities of financial securities	70,800,000		-	70,800,000
Other Expense	(27,742)		_	(27,742)
Administrative expense			(1,700)	(1,700)
Net cash flows provided by or (used) for investing activities	70,773,311		(1,110)	70,772,201
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(26,689)		447,764	421,075
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year	31,758		3,091,959	3,123,717
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	\$ 5,069	\$	3,539,723	\$ 3,544,792



NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE AUTHORITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The San Bernardino County Financing Authority (the "Authority") was created pursuant to a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement (the "Agreement") dated May 16, 1966 as amended on July 1, 1982, and May 1, 1983, as amended and restated on March 27, 1989, and as amended on February 15, 1994 and between the County of San Bernardino (the "County") and the San Bernardino County Flood Control District (the "District"). The 1994 amendment changed the name of the Authority from San Bernardino Building Authority to San Bernardino County Financing Authority to better reflect the broad purposes of the Authority. The County's Board of Supervisors serves as the Board of the Authority.

The Agreement authorizes the Authority to provide financing for public capital improvements for the County, to acquire such public capital improvements, and to purchase certain underlying obligations issued by or on behalf of the County. Obligations may be in the form of assessment district bonds, community facilities district bonds, general obligation bonds, limited obligation bonds, revenue bonds, notes, lease-purchase agreements and other evidence of indebtedness. The financial position and results of operations of the services provided are reflected in the funds of the joint powers authority. The Authority is deemed to be a component unit of the County, although legally separate. The governing board of the Authority is the same as the County.

All activities of the Authority are presented as proprietary funds. The Authority's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, income is recognized when earned and expenses recorded when incurred. The Authority provides services entirely to the County. All accounts and records of the Authority's projects are held by trustee banks.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Authority treats all investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents.

On December 1, 1995, the Authority used the proceeds of its pension obligation bonds to purchase all the outstanding San Bernardino County (County) 1995 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds and the South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD) 1995 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds. The timing and cash flows of the debt issues are identical in effect creating receivables from the County and AQMD to the Authority. Because the service capacity of the outstanding County and AQMD bonds is not based solely on the bond's ability to generate cash, these bonds would not meet the definition of

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE AUTHORITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

an investment in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Accordingly, the classification of such assets is reported as receivables.

The Authority has deep-discounts associated with the bond issues. The deep-discount is being amortized based on the accreted value of the bonds at year-end. The Authority records the amortization of deep-discount as accretion of interest expense.

In accordance with generally accepted governmental accounting standards, a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows are presented. Net position can be classified into restricted and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Restricted This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net resources through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted This component of net position consists of net resources that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Fiscal agents acting on behalf of the Authority hold all cash and investments from long-term debt issuances and Courthouse surcharges. In accordance with the terms of the trust agreements, cash and investments are segregated and restricted for specified purposes. The trustee banks for the Authority are as follows:

Bond Issue	Trustee
1995 Pension Obligation Bonds	The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company
2007 Courthouse Revenue Bonds	Wells Fargo Bank, National Association

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The valuation of 2a7 money market mutual funds are at one-dollar net asset value (NAV) per share. The total fair value of these at June 30, 2021 was \$3,544,792, with \$0 unfunded commitments. The redemption frequency is daily and redemption notice period of intra-daily. This type of investment primarily invests in short term U.S Treasury, government securities (including repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and government agency securities).

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements. The Courthouse Project Bonds currently outstanding were issued to provide funds to the County of San Bernardino to renovate courthouse facilities located within the County of San Bernardino. In addition to these local bonds, the debt agreements specify permitted investment types along with any related insurance, collateral, or minimum credit rating requirements. The Courthouse Project Bonds investments in money market funds are required to have the highest letter and numerical rating. The Courthouse Project Bonds met these requirements as of June 30, 2021.

Credit Risk

The Authority's investments in money market mutual funds were rated Aaa-mf by Moody's Investors Service.

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

The receivable is the result of the Authority purchasing San Bernardino County 1995 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds and the South Coast Air Quality Management District 1995 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds which were issued by the County and AQMD. Proceeds from the County and AQMD are then used to pay the Authority Pension Obligation Bonds as they come due.

At June 30, 2021, the total receivables balance was \$70,407,986, which is due in one year.

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT

Pension Obligation Bonds

On December 13, 1995, the Authority issued Serial Current Interest Authority Bonds in the amount of \$298,595,000 and Serial Capital Appreciation Authority Bonds in the amount of \$121,932,487 (collectively referred to as the "Authority Bonds").

The Authority Bonds were issued to provide funds to enable the Authority to purchase the San Bernardino County 1995 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (the "County Bonds") and the South Coast Air Quality Management District 1995 Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (the

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

"AQMD Bonds") which were issued by the County and AQMD respectively, to allow them to refinance each of their unfunded accrued actuarial liability with respect to retirement benefits for their respective employees.

The repayment of the Authority Bonds is secured by a first lien on and pledge of all amounts payable by the County and AQMD on the County Bonds and the AQMD Bonds.

The Serial Current Interest Authority Bonds matured on August 1, 2011. Interest on the Capital Appreciation Authority Bonds compounds semi-annually at interest rates from 7.56 percent to 7.72 percent payable solely at maturity.

The Authority Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity. The Authority Bonds official statement contains a provision that in the event of default, the Trustee may declare the outstanding principal balance and accrued interest to be due and payable immediately.

Bonds from Direct Placements - Courthouse Revenue Bonds

On June 29, 2007, the Authority issued direct placement Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 with Wells Fargo Bank in the total amount of \$18,370,000, of which \$3,100,000 is subject to an interest rate of 5.10 percent and \$15,270,000 is subject to an interest rate of 5.50 percent payable semi-annually. The bonds were issued to finance the costs of seismic retrofitting, refurbishing, improving and renovating courthouse facilities located within San Bernardino County, fund a reserve fund for the bonds, and pay costs of issuance of the bonds.

The Revenue Bonds are special, limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from and secured by a first pledge of and exclusive lien on surcharge revenues consisting of a fee not to exceed thirty-five dollars charged on certain civil court filings made in Superior Courts located in San Bernardino County. On January 14, 2003, the collection of the surcharge was imposed by County Board Resolution No. 2003-19. However, only surcharge revenue received after June 29, 2007, has been pledged. The collection of surcharge revenue shall terminate upon final payment of the Revenue Bonds or 30 years from the sale of the Revenue Bonds, whichever occurs first.

The Revenue Bonds from direct placements contain a provision that in an event of default, the Trustee may declare the outstanding principal and accrued interest to be due and payable immediately.

The Authority recognizes pledged surcharge revenues when they are due from the County according to the financing agreement. The financing agreement indicates the revenues are due when the County receives the surcharge revenues from the State.

The debt service schedule for the current fiscal year required principal and interest payments totaling \$1,133,425. The total surcharged revenues received during the fiscal year totaled \$1,582,299. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$17,873,075 payable through June 2037.

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The \$15,270,000 term bond maturing on June 1, 2037, is subject to sinking fund installments and mandatory redemption prior to maturity beginning on June 1, 2018. Total principal of \$2,230,000 has been early redeemed.

The following is a summary of changes in the Bonds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Description	July 1, 2020	Additions	i	F	Reductions	Jı	une 30, 2021	Du	e Within One Year
Pension Obligation						`			
Capital Appreciation Authority									
Bonds	\$ 141,775,000	\$	-	\$	70,800,000	\$	70,975,000	\$	70,975,000
Bond Discount	(6,010,148)		-		(5,571,519)		(438,629)		(438,629)
Bonds from Direct Placements:									
Courthouse Revenue Bonds	12,335,000		-		455,000		11,880,000		990,000
Total	\$ 148,099,852	\$	_	\$	65,683,481	\$	82,416,371	\$	71,526,371

The annual requirements to amortize all bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021, including interest payments of \$5,993,075, and unaccreted and accreted interest of \$60,742,534, over the life of the debt, are as follows:

Description	2022	2		2023		2024	<u>. </u>		2025	_	2026
Pension Obligation Capital Appreciation Authority Bonds	\$ 70,975	5,000	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Bonds from Direct Placements:											
Courthouse Revenue Bonds	1,614	1,250		1,083,9	50	1,092	2,275		1,083,675		1,088,975
Total	\$ 72,589	9,250	\$	1,083,9	50	\$ 1,092	2,275	\$	1,083,675	\$	1,088,975
Description Pension Obligation Capital Appreciation		2027	7 - 20)31	203	<u>2 - 2036</u>		2	037		Total
Authority Bonds		\$		-	\$		- \$		-	\$ 7	0,975,000
Bonds from Direct Placements:		_	440	400	_	. 004 005	_	4	070 005		7 070 075
Courthouse Revenue Bonds			,448,			5,391,025			070,825		7,873,075
Total	;	ֆ 5	,448,	100	\$ 5	5,391,025	<u> </u>	1,	070,825	\$ 8	8,848,075

Supplemental schedules one and two provide each bond's schedule of debt service.

NOTE 5: BOND AGREEMENT/DEBT COVERAGE

In accordance with the bond agreement, if on any surcharge revenue measurement date, the debt service coverage ratio for the immediately prior bond year is equal or greater than 1.5, the Trustee shall transfer excess surcharge revenues to the Improvement Fund to pay for costs of improvements or reimburse the County directly for these costs. If it is less than 1.5, the Trustee shall transfer any remaining amounts in the Debt Service Fund to the Redemption Account for a special mandatory redemption of bonds. If on the subsequent Surcharge Revenue Measurement Date, the coverage ratio is also less than 1.5, the Trustee shall transfer all remaining amounts in the Debt Service Fund and the Improvement Fund to the Redemption Account for a special mandatory redemption of bonds.

The coverage ratio for the immediately prior bond year was 1.230, thus the remaining amount of \$530,018 in the Redemption Account was transferred from the Debt Service Interest Account for the special mandatory redemption of the bonds to occur on December 1, 2021, which is the next scheduled interest payment date. The coverage ratio was less than the 1.5 requirement for the preceding year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 6: NET POSITION/DEFICITS

Net position is the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position (assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources).

Pension obligation: The deficit was caused primarily by accumulative accretion of interest expense exceeding its related revenue. The deficit is projected to be reduced by future years' accretion of interest income.

Courthouse project: The deficit was mainly caused by the long-term debt not being offset with the related capital assets, which are recorded in the San Bernardino County financial statements. The deficit will continue to be reduced with future years' surcharge revenues.

NOTE 7: NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

Effective in Current Fiscal Year

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Statement did not have an effect on the Authority's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90 – In August 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest

NOTE 7: NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Statement did not have an effect on the Authority's financial statements.

Effective in Future Fiscal Years

The GASB has issued the following pronouncements that have effective dates which may impact future financial statement presentation. The Authority has not determined the effect of the following Statements:

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 89 – In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before then End of a Construction Period.* The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with(1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statements are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and finance reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 93 – In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBOR)*. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

NOTE 7: NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 94 – In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private* and *Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statements are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No.97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an Amendment of GFASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit

plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

SCHEDULE ONE

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY FINANCING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION OBLIGATION CAPITAL APPRECIATION AUTHORITY BONDS

		Due August 1	
Fiscal Year	Initial Principal	Accreted Interest	Total
2021-22	\$ 10,232,466	\$ 60,742,534	\$ 70,975,000
TOTALS	\$ 10,232,466	\$ 60,742,534	\$ 70,975,000

SCHEDULE TWO

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY FINANCING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

COURTHOUSE REVENUE BONDS

	Due Dec	emb	er 1	Due June 1			1				
Fiscal	 rincipal		Interest		Drincinal		Principal		Interest		Total
<u>Year</u>		_			•	_					
2021-22	\$ 530,000	\$	312,125	\$	460,000	\$	312,125	\$	1,614,250		
2022-23			299,475		485,000		299,475		1,083,950		
2023-24			286,138		520,000		286,138		1,092,275		
2024-25			271,838		540,000		271,838		1,083,675		
2025-26			256,988		575,000		256,988		1,088,975		
2026-27			241,175		605,000		241,175		1,087,350		
2027-28			224,538		645,000		224,538		1,094,075		
2028-29			206,800		680,000		206,800		1,093,600		
2029-30			188,100		715,000		188,100		1,091,200		
2030-31			168,438		745,000		168,438		1,081,875		
2031-32			147,950		775,000		147,950		1,070,900		
2032-33			126,638		825,000		126,638		1,078,275		
2033-34			103,950		875,000		103,950		1,082,900		
2034-35			79,888		920,000		79,888		1,079,775		
2035-36			54,588		970,000		54,588		1,079,175		
2036-37			27,913		1,015,000		27,913		1,070,825		
TOTALS	\$ 530,000	\$	2,996,538	\$ ^	11,350,000	\$	2,996,538	\$	17,873,075		





Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Board of Supervisors and Audit Committee San Bernardino County Financing Authority San Bernardino, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund of the San Bernardino County Financing Authority (Authority), a component unit of San Bernardino County, California, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Edde Saelly LLP Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 6, 2021